Redefining Historical Significance: Toward New Possibilities for Preservation at Madison’s Sugar Castle

Abstract
In this thesis, I claim that the National Register of Historic Place’s current criteria for historical significance, which are models for most state- and city-level landmark designation criteria, can limit understanding of the past. By constraining what historical significance means, these criteria affect how official histories are written. As a result, official histories often do not align with the stories and values that local people attach to historic places. They ignore the meanings associated with the land surrounding historic buildings and with personal experiences that persist in memory. I argue that the national criteria must be amended to include cultural landscapes and collective memory. These additional criteria for significance would let preservationists choose from a wider range of stories about places like Garver in order to convey more meaningful official histories and propose new, creative approaches to preservation.
Limerick asserts the notion of a “New Western History” in which the American West is treated as a place and not a process of finite expansion. Limerick pushes for a continuation of study within the historical and social atmosphere of the American West, which she believes did not end in 1890, but rather continues on to this very day. Urban historian Richard C. Wade challenged the Frontier Thesis in his first asset, The Urban Frontier (1959), asserting that western cities such as Pittsburgh, Louisville, and Cincinnati, not the farmer pioneers, were the catalysts for western expansion. Preservation Virginia (then known as the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities), the country’s first statewide preservation group, was founded that same year. The 20th Century. The following year the Supreme Court ruled in United States v. Gettysburg Electric Railway Company—the first significant legal case concerning historic preservation—that private property could be seized to create a national memorial by right of eminent domain. In the U.S. the passage of the Antiquities Act of 1906 (formally known as An Act for the Preservation of American Antiquities) marked the country’s first federal preservation legislation. The act established severe penalties for the damage to or destruction of antiquities on federally owned land. The price of SMS (short) messages will also increase 5 ₽ AMD. The announced tariff will be valid until additional information. Reduction of tariffs is due to the decision of "Karabakh Telecom" CJSC, considering the technical possibilities of the operator. At the same time, we urge you to make calls exclusively in case of extreme need to keep the net "Karabakh Telecom" CJSC as possible overload. To prevent turmoil understanding and exploitation, we consider it one more time to inform that roaming is a standard in the sphere, technically invested in the basis of international and intrigue Start studying Production Possibilities Frontier. Learn vocabulary, terms and more with flashcards, games and other study tools. to understand and predict economic activity. Where are unattainable points located? outside the Production Possibilities Frontier. Why are points outside the curve unattainable? there are not enough resources available to produce the combination of goods at the point outside the curve. How are the production possibilities frontier and opportunity cost related? The PPF allows us to visualize a country's opportunity cost when it produces more than one good.