Masters Reading List
reyped 2006

British Literature

Beginnings to 1500

- “Beowulf”
- “The Battle of Maldon”
- “Deor’s Lament”
- “The Wanderer”
- “The Seafarer”
- “Pearl”
- Piers Plowman
- “Sir Gawain and the Green Knight”
- Chaucer: Troilus and Criseyde: The Canterbury Tales
- Malory: Morte D’Arthur
- Henryson: Testament of Cresseid
- The Second Shepherd’s Play
- Cain and Abel
- Everyman
- Widsith
- The Dream of the Rood
- The Romance of the Rose

Sixteenth Century

Poetry:

- Skelton: “Philip Sparrow,” “Colin Clout.”
- Surrey: “Complaint of A Lover that Defied Love and Was By Love After the More Tormented”; “Description of a spring”; “Description and Praise of His Love Geraldine”; “Complaint of a Lover Rebuked.”
- Wyatt: “The Lover for Shamefastedness Hideth His Desire Within his Faithful Heart”; “The Lover Compareth his State to a Ship In a Perilous Storm Tossed On the Sea”; “To a Lady to Answer Directly with Yea or Nay”; “Of the Mean and Sure Estate.”
- Sackville: “Induction to The Mirror for Magistrates.”
- Sir John Davies: “Orchestra”; Nosce Teipsum.
- Spenser: “The Shepherdes Calendar” (April, June, October); Sonnets 1-10 in the Amoretti; “An Hymne in Honor of Love”; “Prothalamion”; Sonnets “Epithalamion”; “The Faerie Queene” (Books I and III).
- Sidney: Astrophil and Stella: Sonnets 1-10.
- Shakespeare: Sonnets 2, 28, 29, 55, 73, 116, 129, 130, 144, and 146.
• Drayton: *Idea*, Sonnets 1, 6, 61.
• Chapman: “The Shadow of the Night.”
• Marlowe: “Hero and Leander.”
• Hall: from “Virgidemiarum” Book 1, “the prologue,” “the postscript,” and “satire VII.”

Prose:

• More: *Utopia*.
• Elyot: *The Book Named the Governor*, Book 1, Chapter XIII.
• Lyly: *Euphues: The Anatomy of Wit*; read the preface to the “Gentleman Readers,” and the first five pages in any anthology for style.
• Nashe: *The Unfortunate Traveler*.
• Hooker: *Of the Laws of Ecclesiastical Polity*, the first ten pages of any standard anthology.

Prose Criticism:

• Sidney: *The Defense of Poesy*.
• Campion: *Observation in the Art of English Poesy*.
• Daniel: “A Defense of Rhyme.”

Drama:

• Sackville and Norton: *Gorboduc*.
• Lyly: *Endymion*.
• Kyd: *The Spanish Tragedy*.
• Marlowe: *Tamburlaine* part I; *Dr. Faustus*.
• Shakespeare: The Second Historical Tetralogy (Richard II-Henry IV); *A Midsummer Night’s Dream*; *The Merchant of Venice*; *As You Like It*; *Twelfth Night*; *Measure for Measure*; *The Winter’s Tale*; *The Tempest*; *Julius Caesar*; *Hamlet*; *Othello*; *King Lear*; *Macbeth*; *Antony and Cleopatra*.

Seventeenth Century

Poetry:

• Crashaw: “Music’s Duel”; “St. Mary Magdalene, or The Weeper”; “The Flaming Heart.”
• Marvell: “To His Coy Mistress”; “Upon Appleton House”; “To My Lord Fairfax”; “The Definition of Love”; “A Horatian Ode upon Cromwell’s Return from Ireland.”
• Suckling: “Out Upon It! I Have Loved…”; “Song (Why so pale and wan, fond Lover)”; “A Ballad Upon A Wedding.”
• Carew: “An Elegy Upon the Death of Dr. Donne, Dean of Paul’s”; “A Song (Ask Me No More Where Jove Bestows)”; “To A Lady that Desired I Would Love Her.”
• Vaughan: from Silex Scintillans: “Regeneration”, “The Retreat,” “Corruption,” “They Are All Gone Into a World of Light,” “Cock-Crowing.”
• Milton: “L’Allegro”; “Il Penseroso”; “Comus”; “Lycidas”; Paradise Lost, Samson Agonistes; Sonnet VII; Sonnet VIII.
• Phineas Fletcher: The Locusts or Apollyonists, Canto I.
• Giles Fletcher: Christ’s Triumph After Death, Canto IV.

Prose:

• Jonson: from Timber, or Discoveries Made Upon Men and Matter”: “Censura de Poetis”; “De Shakespeare Nostrati”; “De Malignate Studentium”; “Poesis et Pictura”; “De Pictura”; “De Stilo et Optimo Scribendi Generi”; “Praecipiendi Modi”; “What is a Poet?”
• Bible: A selection from the gospel of St. Matthew in at least two different translations.
• Browne: Religio Medici: read up to the statement “Nature hath made one world, and art another. In brief, all things artificial; for nature is the art of….”
• Milton: “Of Education”; Areopagitica.
• Bunyan: Pilgrim’s Progress.
• Pepys: Entry in his diary for 2 September 1665/1666 (The London Fire).
• Jeremy Taylor: The Rules and Exercise of Holy Dying, Chapter 1, sections 1 and 2.
• John Earle: from Microcosmography, or A Piece of the World Discovered In Essays and Characters: “A Plodding Student”; “A Young Gentleman of the University”; “A Plain Country Fellow.”
Drama:
- Jonson: *Every Man in His Humor; Volpone; The Alchemist; Bartholomew Fair; Cynthia’s Revels.*
- Webster: *The White Devil; The Duchess of Malfi.*
- Beaumont and Fletcher: *The Knight of the Burning Pestle; Philaster.*
- Middleton and Rowley: *The Changeling.*

Restoration and Eighteenth Century

Poetry:
- Dryden: “Mac Flecknoe”; “Absalom and Achitophel”; “Religio Laici”; “To the Pious Memory of the Accomplisht Young Lady Mrs Anne Killigrew.”; “St. Cecilia’s Day”; “A Song for Alexander’s Feast.”
- Wilmot: “Satire Against Mankind.”
- Swift: “Description of the Morning”; “Verse on the Death of Dr. Swift.”
- Pope: “An Essay on Criticism”; *An Essay on Man* (I, III); “Epistle to the Earl of Buckingham”; “The Rape of the Lock”; “Epistle to Dr. Arbuthnot.”
- Thomson: “Winter.”
- Johnson: “The Vanity of Human Wishes.”
- Butler: *Hudibras* (I, i).

Prose:
- Addison and Steele: *Spectator* #2, 10, 62, 81, 112, 249, 409, 519.
- Johnson: *Rasselas; Rambler* #4, 60, 208; *Idler* #16, 60, 61; Preface to “Lives of Dryden, Pope, Milton, Cowley.”
- Boswell: *Life of Johnson* (in a modern abridgment, such as Dell or Random House).

Drama:
- Dryden: *The Conquest of Granada*; *All for Love.*
- Etherege: *The Man of Mode.*
- Wycherley: *The Country Wife; The Plain Dealer.*
- Farquhar: *Beaux’s Stratagem.*
- Steele: *The Conscious Lovers.*
- Gay: *The Beggar’s Opera.*
- Goldsmith: *She Stoops to Conquer.*
• Sheriden: The Rivals; The School for Scandal.
• Buckingham: The Rehearsal.
• Otway: Venice Preserved.
• Lillo: The London Merchant.

Novels:

• Defoe: Moll Flanders.
• Richardson: Clarissa.
• Fielding: Tom Jones.
• Sterne: Tristram Shandy.

Nineteenth Century

Poetry:

(Selections may be found in Perkins, English Romantic Writers, and in The Norton Anthology of English Literature.)

• Blake: Songs of Innocence and Experience; “America: A Prophecy.”
• Byron: Childe Harold’s Pilgrimage (Cantos III, IV); Don Juan (Dedication, Cantos I-IV); “Darkness”; “Prometheus”; “Stanzas for Music” (“There’s not a joy the world can give”).
• Percy Bysshe Shelley: Prometheus Unbound; “Adonais”; “Hymn to Intellectual Beauty”; “Ode to the West Wind”; “To a Sky-Lark.”
• Keats: “Ode to a Nightingale”; “Ode on a Grecian Urn”; “The Eve of St. Agnes”; “To Autumn”; “On First Looking into Chapman’s Homer”; “On sitting down to read King Lear once again”; “When I have fears”; “Bright Star.”
• D. G. Rossetti: “The Blessed Damozel”; “Sister Helen”; selected sonnets from The House of Life.
• FitzGerald: The Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam.
• Swinburne: “Laus Veneris”; “Hymn to Proserpine”; “The Garden of Proserpine.”
• Elizabeth Barrett Browning: Selections from Sonnets from the Portuguese.
• Christina Rossetti: “Goblin Market.”
• George Meredith: Modern Love; “Lucifer in Starlight.”
• Wilde: “The Harlot’s House”; “The Ballad of Reading Gaol.”
• Hardy: “Hap”; “Channel Firing”; “The Convergence of the Twain.”
• Hopkins: “The Windhover”; “The Wreck of The Deutschland”; the “dark” sonnets.

Prose:

• Coleridge: Biographia Literaria (chapters I, IV, XIV, XX, XXII).
• Shelley: A Defence of Poetry.
• Keats: all letters contained in Perkins, English Romantic Writers or in The Norton Anthology (smaller selection than in Perkins, but excellent).
• Newman: “The Idea of a University” (Discourse VI); “Apologia.”
• Carlyle: from Sartor Resartus (“The Everlasting No, The Everlasting Yea”).
• Macaulay: “Samuel Johnson.”
• Ruskin: Modern Painters (a few pages of description from part II of vol. I); from The Stones of Venice (“The Nature of Gothic”); from Unto This Last (“Roots of Honor”).
• Arnold: Culture and Anarchy (Chapters 1-4); “Literature and Science”; “Literature and Dogma” (Chapter 12).
• Huxley: “Liberal Education”; “Science and Culture.”

Novel:

• Austen: Pride and Prejudice.
• Dickens: David Copperfield; Great Expectations.
• Thackeray: Vanity Fair.
• Charlotte Bronte: Jane Eyre.
• Emily Bronte: Wuthering Heights.
• Trollope: Barchester Towers.
• George Eliot: Middlemarch.
• Hardy: Tess of the D’Urbervilles; The Mayor of Casterbridge.

Drama:

• Wilde: The Importance of Being Earnest.
Twentieth Century

Poetry:

- Dylan Thomas: “I see the boys of summer”; “The force that through the green fuse drives the flower”; “If I were tickled by the rub of love”; “And death shall have no dominion”; “When all my five and country senses see”; “After the funeral (In memory of Ann Jones)” ; “A Refusal to Mourn the Death by Fire of a Child in London”; “Do not go gentle into that good night”; “Fern Hill”; “Lament.”

Criticism:

- Richards: Principles of Literary Criticism; Practical Criticism.

Drama:

- Shaw: Pygmalion; Major Barbara; Man and Superman; St. Joan; Heartbreak House.
- Synge: The Playboy of the Western World; Riders to the Sea.
- O’Casey: Juno and the Paycock.
- Eliot: Murder in the Cathedral.
- Yeats: The Hour Glass; Purgatory.
- Beckett: Waiting for Godot.
- Osbourne: Look Back in Anger.
- Pinter: The Homecoming; No Man’s Land.
- Stoppard: Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead.
- Storey: The Contractor.

Novel:

- Conrad: Heart of Darkness; Lord Jim.
- Lawrence: The Rainbow; Sons and Lovers.
- Forster: A Passage to India.
- Joyce: A Portrait of the Artist; Ulysses.
- Greene: The Heart of the Matter.
- Woolf: To the Lighthouse.
American Literature

Nineteenth Century

Poetry:

- Whitman: “Song of Myself”; “When Lilacs Last in the Door-yard Bloom’d “Out of the Cradle Endlessly Rocking”; “Passage to India.”
- Dickinson: “I heard a Fly buzz - when I died-”; “Because I could not stop for Death-”; “My life closed twice before its close”; “A Bird came down the Walk”; “I started Early - Took my Dog”; ”The last Night that She lived-”; “There’s a certain Slant of light”; “I never saw a Moor”; “I know that He exists”; “I could not live with You.”

Prose:

- Emerson: Nature.
- Thoreau: Walden.

Novel:

- Cooper: The Deerslayer; The Pioneers.
- Melville: Moby Dick; “Bartleby the Scrivener”.
- Twain: The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn.
- Henry James: Portrait of a Lady; The Sacred Fount; The Ambassadors.
- Crane: The Red Badge of Courage.
- Norris: The Octopus.

Twentieth Century

Poetry:

- Pound: Cantos I-IV, XLV: Hugh Selwyn Mauberley.
- Stevens: “Peter Quince at the Clavier”; “Le Monocle de Mon Oncle”; “Anecdote of the Jar”; “Fabliau of Florida”; “The Man Whose Pharynx Was Bad”; “The Snow
Man”; “The Comedian as the Letter C”; “The Emperor of Ice Cream”; “Sailing After Lunch”; “Of Mere Being.”


**Novel:**

- Hemingway: *The Sun Also Rises; A Farewell to Arms.*
- Faulkner: *The Sound and the Fury.*
- Fitzgerald: *The Great Gatsby.*
- Dreiser: *An American Tragedy; Sister Carrie.*
- Bellow: *Seize the Day.*
- Nabokov: *Lolita.*

**Drama:**

- Odets: *Waiting for Lefty.*
- Hellman: *The Little Foxes.*
- O’Neill: *The Emperor Jones; Mourning Becomes Electra; The Iceman Cometh; Long Day’s Journey Into Night.*
- Wilder: *Our Town.*
- Miller: *Death of a Salesman.*
- Jones: *A Texas Trilogy.*
- Rabe: *Streamers.*

**Literary Theory and Criticism:**

While this grouping should not be considered as a category in the same sense as those above, the following should be minimally required in addition to those included in the various historical periods.

1. Aristotle: Poetics.
4. Herbert Read: “Psychoanalysis & Criticism” from *Twentieth-Century Criticism* (Handy and Westbrook, etc.).
8. Dahlstrom: Strindberg’s Dramatic Expressionism, Chapters on the general characteristics of Expressionism.


10. Sartre: “Why Write?” from What is Literature?
Reading List. The influence of a skilled and thoughtful mentor never wanes. Edward Hundert. I learned about his reading elective from a fellow student as we were waiting for a conference to begin. Les was coming to interview a patient from whom none of the residents or students could get even a basic history: the woman’s experience was completely filled with terrifying hallucinations.
This is a reading list. Contribute to yangruihan/Reading_List development by creating an account on GitHub. GitHub is home to over 50 million developers working together to host and review code, manage projects, and build software together. Sign up. master. Reading_List/README.md. Go to file. Go to file T. Welcome to the Marvel Master Reading Order. This reading order contains all the recommended and necessary comic book issues to enjoy the Marvel Universe. Welcome to the Marvel Master Reading Order. This is a reading order for all Marvel comics that are deemed important or are just enjoyable comics to read. Starting around 2004 and the Avengers Disassembled crossover this order becomes more comprehensive and includes all major comic series. Online master's in reading programs help teachers specialize their skills and advance their careers by emphasizing leadership, assessment, and organization within classrooms. Graduates can advance their careers as teachers or pursue other educational roles in areas like curriculum development. For example, these online reading programs may qualify graduates for instructional coordinator positions. This guide ranks the top online master's in reading teacher education programs in the country. See more ideas about Reading lists, Reading, Books. Reading List For Leaders. Collection by Full Monty Leadership. 137. Pins. â€¢ 825. Followers. These are some of the books I believe leaders should read. Some I've read and some are still on my list. Check them out!